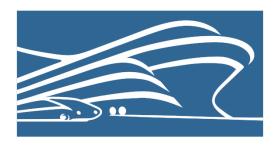


# **Understanding How Port Customers and Users Assess Port Performance**



11 June 2013

#### Agenda

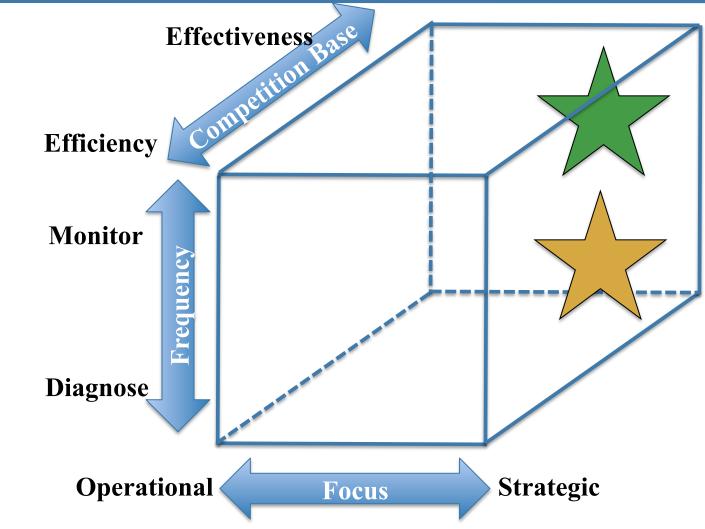
- Introduce how the AAPA's Customer Service Initiative 2012 fits in a bigger picture of port performance benchmarking
- Explain how the AAPA metrics were developed understanding different customer and user groups for making strategic investments in port infrastructure and marketing
- Explain how results were interpreted
- Explore the future possibilities for expansion of the Customer Service Initiative—the SEAPORT tool

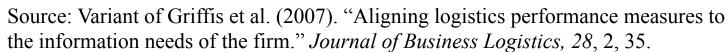






#### Why Are You Measuring Performance? (Answer Drives Choice of Metrics)







### The AAPA's Customer Service Initiative Vision

- An independent third-party assessment of use to ports in effecting change and improving service delivery in supply of port services.
- An individualized report to each port that provides "best practice" scores and the port's scores to provide context to user "importance" **and that** enables benchmarking for assessing resource allocation
- Each port gets its own report; AAPA gets a "state of its ports" report.
- The first study was done in 2012 and we plan to repeat it in 2014.





## The Goal for Ports: Thinking About Supply Chain Improvements

- ① Identify your port's customers' and users' criteria for assessing service quality
- 2 Evaluate the port's performance on both the criteria you control and what you influence
- 3 Determine what needs to be fixed based on those items of importance to the customer and determinant in their assessment of your port's service quality performance
- 4 Via information-sharing, coalition-building, and identifying financial support and sources, you should be able to help your tenants and suppliers to change services under their control



# Identifying the Right Metrics by User Type

- Phase 1: Extensive literature search = 80 criteria (unspecified users)
- Focus groups with users in Canadian ports
- Phase 2: Three studies (the next slide)
- Phase 3: AAPA Port Customer Service Initiative in 2012
- Findings: User groups are mostly different in "importance criteria"
- They all also see satisfaction as correlated with customer service (called effectiveness of service delivery).



#### Research Phase 2: 3 Internet Surveys

Canadian Port Users 3 Cdn 2 US

American East Coast Port Users 5 US Ports Same Instrument:

2 publications in 2011—Maritime
Policy & Management and
Transportation Research Record
plus

1 publication in 2013 in Maritime

Policy & Management (Fall issue)

American West Coast Port Users 5 US Ports



Reduced and Modified Instrument for 2012 AAPA survey





### Phase 3: Service Delivery Effectiveness Performance Measures in 2012 Survey

User Group	Criteria for Determining Service Quality Performance Effectiveness
Shipping line	19 specific criteria plus two cost criteria
Cargo owners & agents	11 specific criteria plus two cost criteria
Supply chain partners	15 specific criteria

Criteria are "plug and play" based on previous research for this initiative.



### **Illustrative Measures for 2012 AAPA Customer Service Initiative**

Cargo Interest Examples (5 of 10)	Shipping Line Examples (5 of 18)	Supply Chain Partner Examples (5 of 14)		
Provision of adequate, on- time information	Provision of adequate, on- time information	Provision of adequate, on- time information		
Terminal operator responsiveness to special requests	Incidence of cargo damage	Accessibility to port premises for pick-up & delivery (gate congestion)		
Availability of direct service to destination	Timely vessel turnaround	Efficiency of documentary processes		
Incidence of cargo damage	Connectivity/operability to rail/truck or warehousing	Ocean carrier schedule reliability/integrity		
Choice of truck/rail/ warehousing	Terminal operator responsiveness to special requests	Speed of stevedore's cargo loading/unloading		



#### How It Works (1)

**Platform**: LimeSurvey hosted on its own web address on a secure Dalhousie server (not subject to the U.S. Patriot Act)

#### What do we measure?

- The overall performance rating of each port by their users on effectiveness of service delivery (7 point scale)
- Importance of each service criteria to the specific user group (7 point scale)
- The performance of up to three ports used by that user rated on those service criteria (7 point scale)

#### Other data collected?

- Type of user
- Usage data
- Open-ended concerns
- Company demographics



#### How It Works (2)

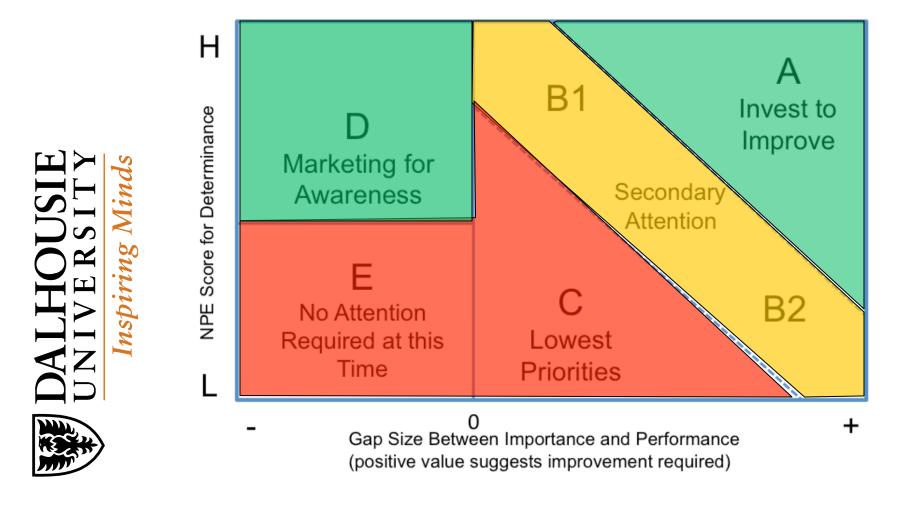
#### What do we get as outputs?

- The determinants of the effectiveness of service delivery score for each particular port (using NPE normalized pairwise estimation) SCORE INFLUENCERS
- A gap analysis (importance minus performance) for each user SERVICE GAPS
- Direction to each port on their particular ratings and results, including their relative score in comparison with the other ports in the survey. BENCHMARK
- Open-ended comments and demographics of the survey participants INDIVIDUAL FEEDBACK





### What We Do With the Effectiveness Data Collected

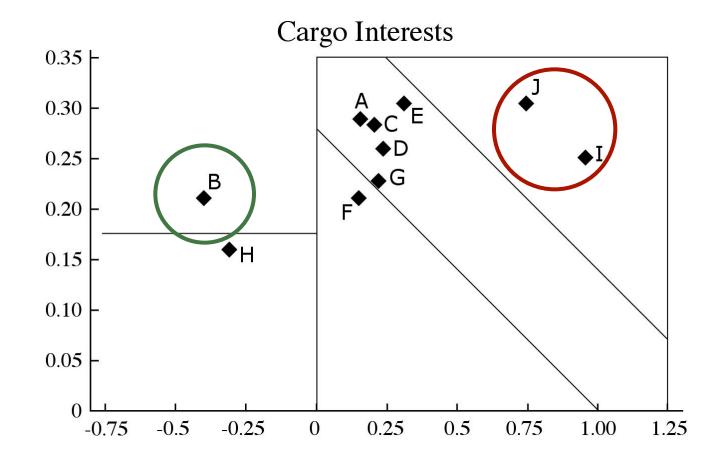


## **Evaluation Report Card by Cargo Interests for the Mystery Port on 9 of 10 Criteria**

	Evaluative Criteria	I-P Gap	Performance Mean	Lowest	Highest	NPE	Relative Score
Α	Criterion A	0.16	5.16	4.21	6.09	0.289	51%
В	Choice of rail/truck/ warehousing companies	-0.40	5.96	5.25	6.12	0.211	82%
С	Criterion C	0.21	5.63	4.50	5.89	0.283	81%
D	Criterion D	0.24	5.80	5.19	6.11	0 259	66%
Ε	Criterion E	0.32	5.37	4.55	6.1	0.305	50%
F	Criterion F	0.15	5.77	5.38	6.33	0.211	41%
Н	Criterion H	-0.31	6.00	5.50	6.61	0.158	45%
ı	Provision of adequate, on-time information	0.96	5.50	5.00	6.08	0.250	46%
J	Terminal operator responsiveness to special requests	0.75	5.19	4.44	5.9	0.304	49%

## Determinance I-P Gap Space for Cargo Interests for the Mystery Port

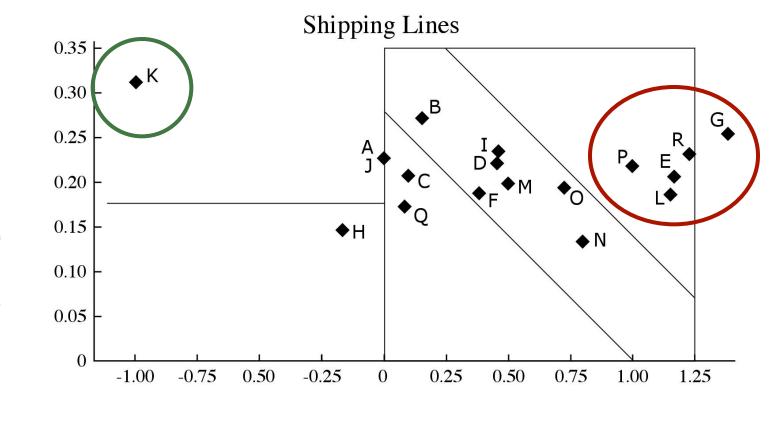




### **Evaluation Scores by Container Shipping Lines** for the Mystery Port (on 10 of 18 Criteria)

			Performance				Relative
	Evaluative Criteria	I-P Gap	Mean	Lowest	Highest	NPE	Score
В	Criterion B	0.154	6.08	4.29	6.08	0.271	100.0%
D	Criterion D	0.455	5.64	4.29	6.22	0.221	69.9%
Ε	Criterion E	1.167	4.92	3.00	6.18	0.206	60.4%
F	Incidence of cargo damage	0.385	5.23	5.22	5.80	0.187	1.7%
G	Criterion G	1.385	5.15	4.29	5.80	0.253	57.0%
I	Provision of adequate, on-time information	0.462	5.38	5.14	5.89	0.234	32.0%
K	Quality of rail/truck/ warehousing companies	-1.000	5.90	5.14	5.90	0.311	100.0%
N	Criterion N	0.800	4.80	4.73	6.30	0.133	4.5%
Р	Timely vessel turnaround	1.000	5.50	4.64	6.11	0.218	58.5%
R	Criterion R	1.231	5.00	4.83	6.08	0.231	13.6%

#### Determinance I-P Gap Space for Shipping Lines for the Mystery Port





#### **Open-Ended Comments on Port Performance Provides Feedback**

For oversize/weight cargo [Port of Mystery] has very good inland capability and vessel ro-ro service; however charter vessel availability/cost is a problem. Also port infrastructure is a limiting factor.



Extremely important that port efficiency is at highest possible achievable level. Speed of turnaround times, cost effectiveness & inland distribution capabilities are critically important.

Truckers seem less knowledgeable regarding the container pick up & delivery so takes more time to deal ex [Port of Mystery].

Excellent infrastructure and ocean connections but the inland clearances are a significant disability.

We are a specialized trucking company ... The [Port of Mystery] is not realistic with their hours of operation; they try to serve an industry that operates 24/7 with basically office hours. ... Some days our trucks spend in excess of 4 hours waiting to get into the port and load/unload.

# With the Reports, Port Managers Can Improve Port Performance if...

- They know the **importance/relevance** of attributes
- They know user's **perceptions** of port performance overall (e.g., effectiveness in service delivery) and by attribute (e.g., cargo handling)
- Therefore, they identify **performance gaps**
- They uncover the **determinance** of attributes for effectiveness in service delivery
- Have combined this information using a **Determinance IP Gap Analysis** to identify where to concentrate service delivery improvement efforts (translation: where to allocate resources!!) or where they can market their superior performance to users (because they have a perceptible gap)
- We propose to provide the information needed...



#### What We Found in 2012

- Port user groups rate a port's effectiveness in service delivery differently, i.e., a port that is rated highly by the shipping lines may score poorly when rated by cargo owners or its own supply chain partners, or vice versa.
- No port excelled in serving all three groups
- The pattern of performance gaps were different on the various criteria for each port.
- In all cases, the initiative identified criteria for targeted improvement for each user group—Cargo Interests, Shipping Lines, and Supply Chain Partners. Each port had a unique portfolio of factors to repair by investing for improvement, and many ports found a usable "market for awareness" opportunity.
- East and West Coast patterns were also noted.



# What We Found in 2013's Further Data Analysis

- Cargo Owners who book their own transport arrangements are a distinct sub-group from those who act as Agents for owners on five of 13.
- Cargo Agents are more influenced traditional CRM criteria like responsiveness and information provision while Cargo Owners are more influenced on perceptions of port security.
- The two Cargo segments are best evaluated separately where possible.
- We have learned enough to focus the Shipping Line criteria more tightly in future surveys.
- Supply Chain Partners are a forgotten user group for some ports; with their own unique set of needs, as partners they need to be part of the solution in developing port strategic investments.



#### **Our Next Steps: SEAPORT**

- The survey has been modified (SEAPORT—Service Effectiveness Assessment for PORT managers) and translated so we can add ports in French and Spanish speaking countries.
- We plan to co-operate with the European Sea Ports Observatory and the PORTOPIA initiative to progress the effectiveness benchmarking process in Europe.
- We plan to co-operate with UN ECLAC to progress the effectiveness benchmarking process in Latin America.
- We see it possible to extend the port customer service survey to bulk ports and to cruise terminals. (Mediterranean Cruise Association pilot study in discussion; report at the International Association of Maritime Economists meeting in Norfolk July 2014?) The 2014 Port Performance Research Network meeting will also be in Norfolk in July.
- We hope to do a second run with North American container ports in 2014.





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#### **PPRN:**

http://citt.management.dal.ca/Research/ Port Performance Research Network/